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Drawing the vision

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MCA Urban Sports And Health Park PR 197

1.

DESIGN INTENT AND FRAMEWORK

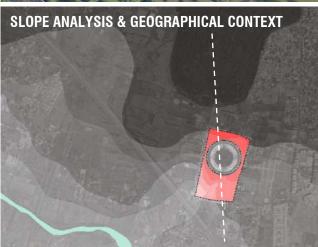
Establishing context and intent



1.2 Site Concerns / Moves

Response to Immediate Geographical Context







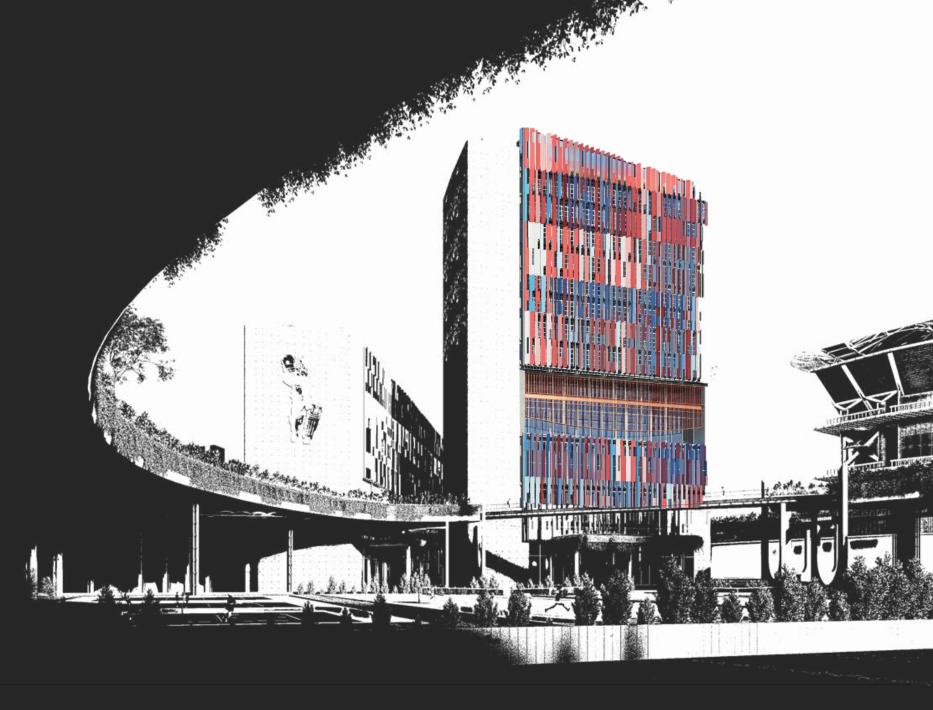
1.2 Site Concerns / Moves

Identity and Character



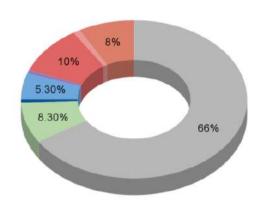
Inspired and rooted in the local, the design merges and stands out within the landscape, balancing clarity of movement with fluidity and a landmark identity as a park. A dynamic interplay of space and surprise, its **polychromatic façade** echoes the vibrancy of native ecology, creating an ever-evolving landmark of adaptability and place-driven expression.





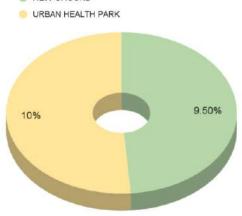
Given Programme Areas 1.3 Area Allocation

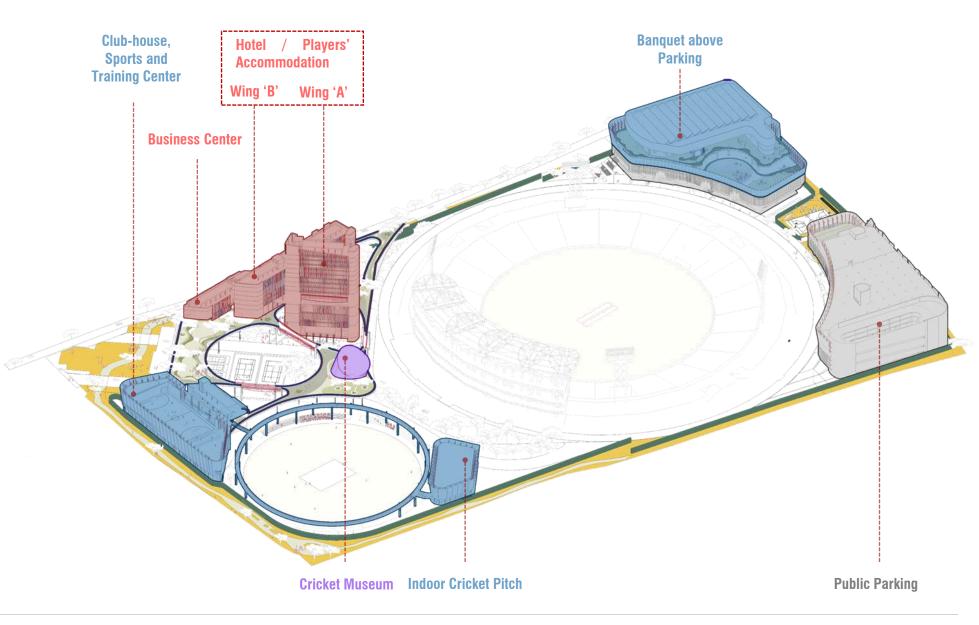
- PARKING 66%
- OUTDOOR SPORTS 8.30 %
- INDOOR CRICKET PITCHES 0.7%
- CLUBHOUSE 5.3%.
- CRICKET MUSEUM 0.7%
- BANQUET 10%
- BUSINESS CENTRE 1%
- HOTEL/PLAYER's ACCOMODATION 8%



Value Addition

NEW GROUND





1.3 Area Allocation

New Ground

The existing ground serves as a primary interface, with plazas, courtyards and gathering spaces encouraging interaction while preserving natural elements.

A new elevated ground optimizes space through:

Raised platforms for recreation and community use.

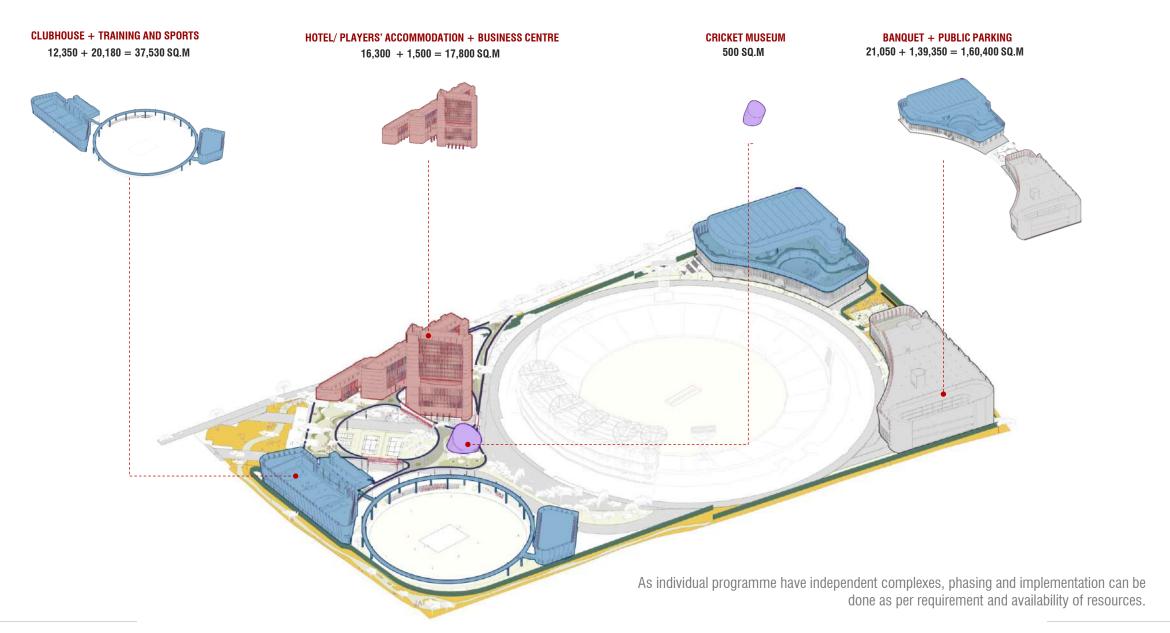
Elevated walkways maintaining connectivity.

Multi-tiered landscapes enhancing spatial efficiency.

By leveraging vertical space, the complex maximizes functionality while maintaining an open, inviting environment.



1.3 Area Allocation





View of club house, hotel, museum from elevated jogging track

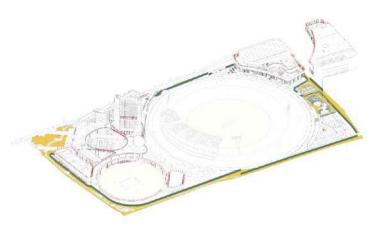


View of new ground, club house and sports' pitches from hotel wing A

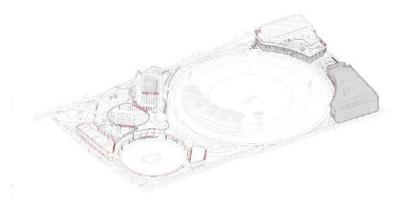
2. DESIGN APPROACH

Spatial, structural and sustainable thinking

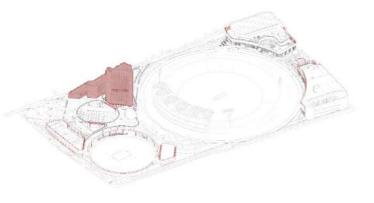
2.1 Components of Master Plan



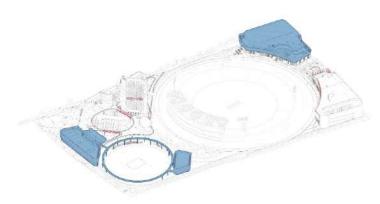
The Urban Health Park is open to all and the inside is as an urban sports and health park with regulated accessibility.



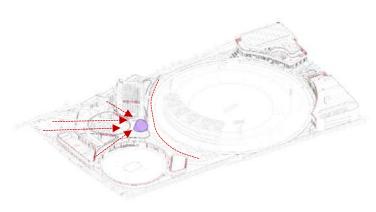
The larger chunk of Parking has been consciously separated.



The Hotel and Business Centre is allocated in three separate wings



The **Club House** has been placed in an interface with other sports activities and consciously separated from Banquet considering the flux of parking requirement for later.

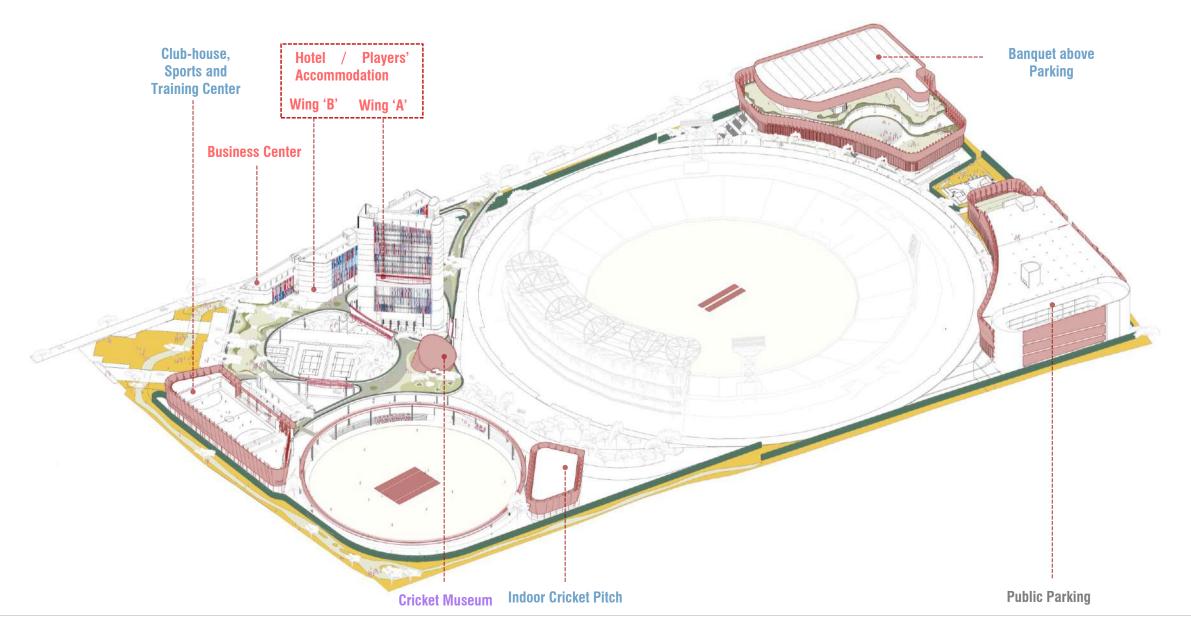


The Cricket Museum is placed at intersection of movements.



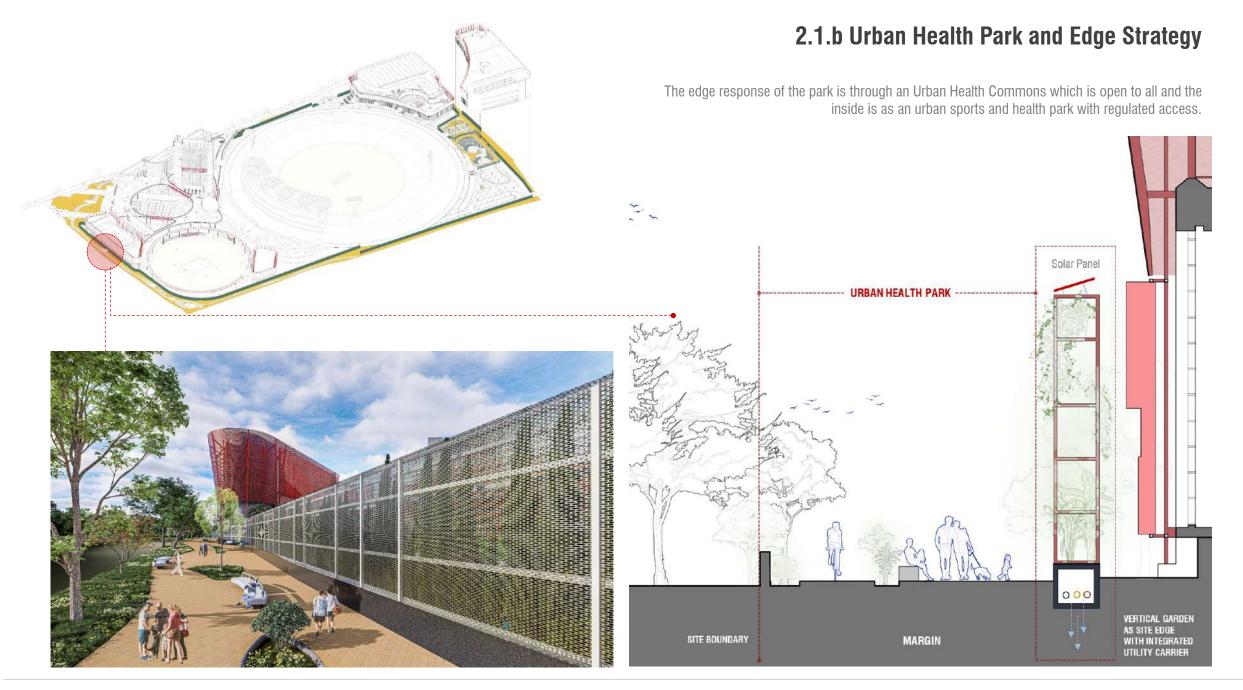
The New Ground maximizes functionality of recreational and community use of complex simultaneously at two different levels.

2.1.a Site Planning, Building Form and Siting





Aerial view of site





View of Urban Health Park

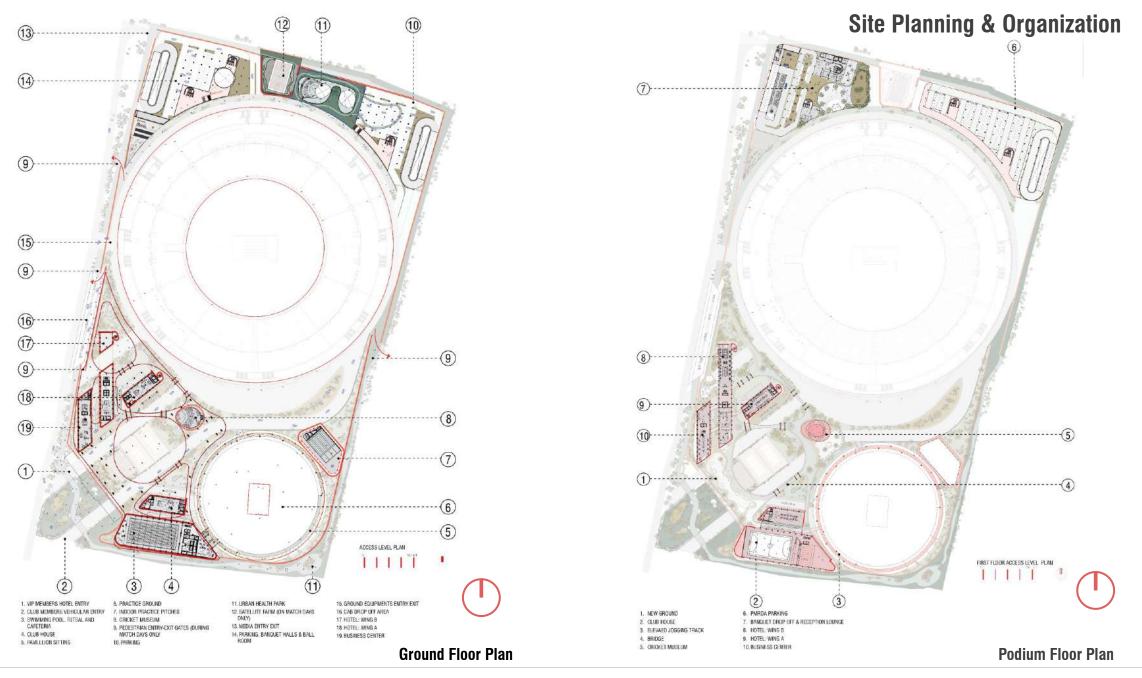
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View of Urban Health Park/ Satellite Farm



View of MCA stadium complex from Mumbai-Pune Highway



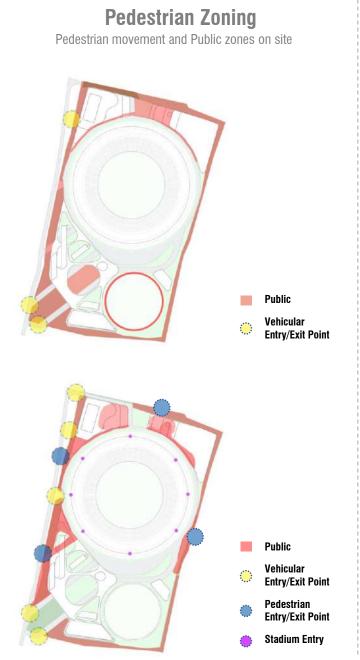
Zoning Clear public, semi-public, and private spaces for usability. Hotel Club House + **Practice Pitch** Banquet PMRDA Parking **Health Park** Hotel/ Players' Zone VIP Zone Public Zone Media/Press

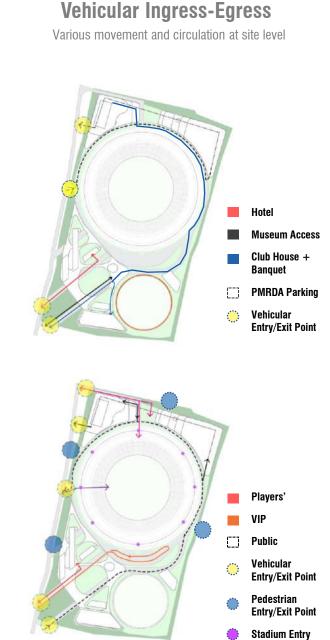
Health Park

Other than

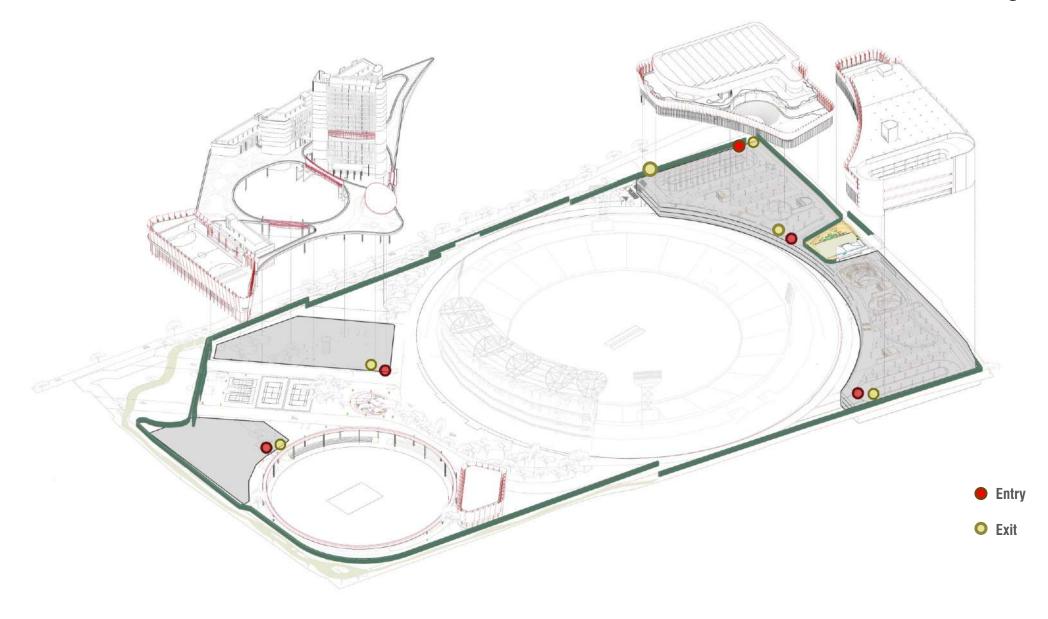
Match Day

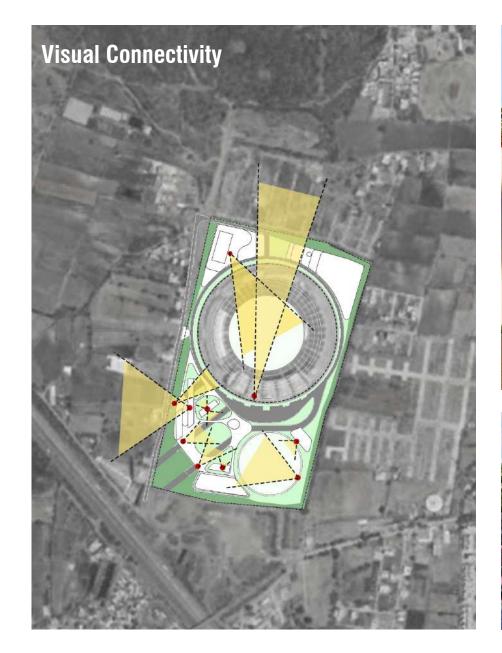
Match Day





Basement Parking Entry/Exit







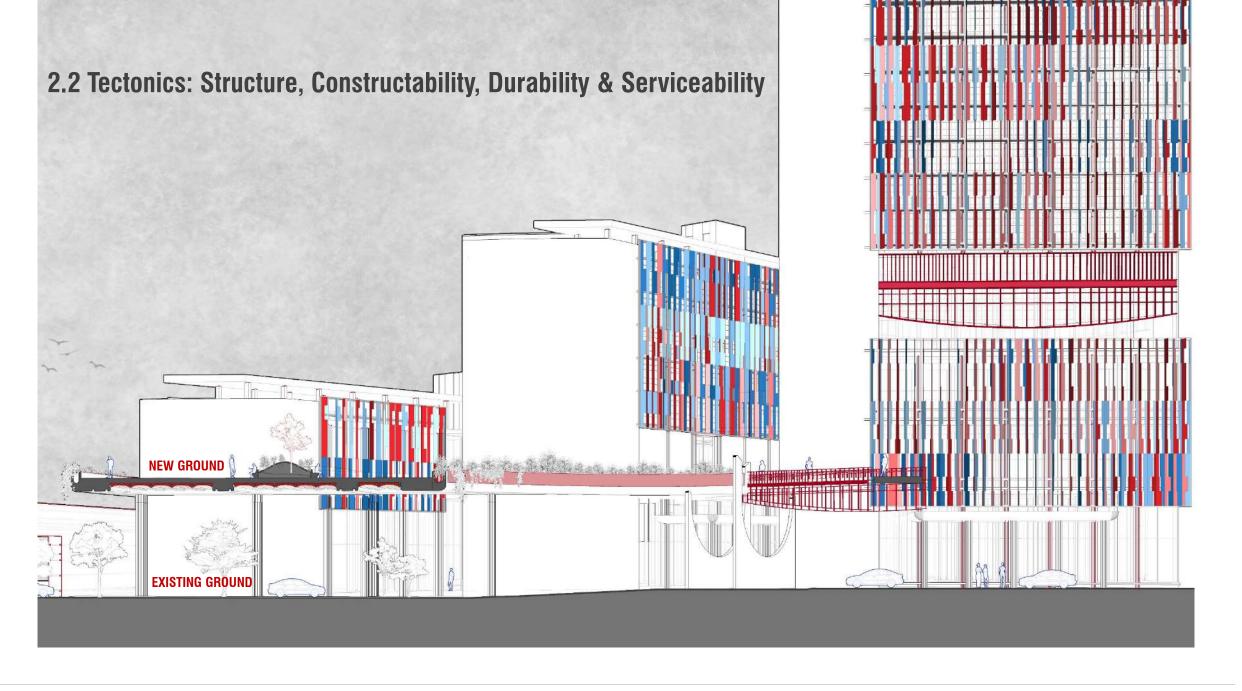




View from 'New Ground'



View of hotel from club house access road



2.2.a Structural System

Structure Evolution

Informed Structural
System Choice Selection based on
Cost + Carbon
impact analysis



Structural Efficiency with Pre-Cast Jack-arch

a. Reduces cement & steel quantity
 b. Additional benefits: lesser time due to
 precast, lesser shuttering cost, minimizes
 reinforcement & onsite formwork costs

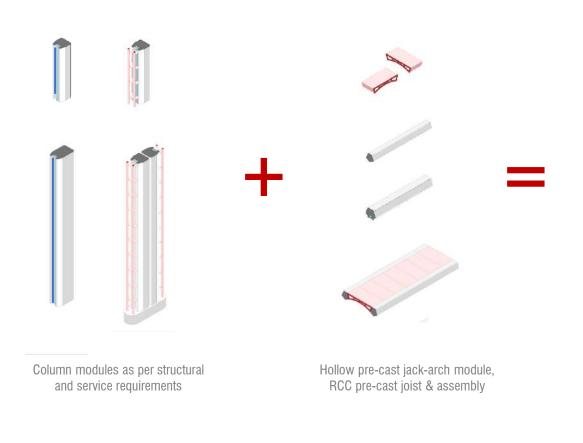
Lower Embodied Carbon in Cement

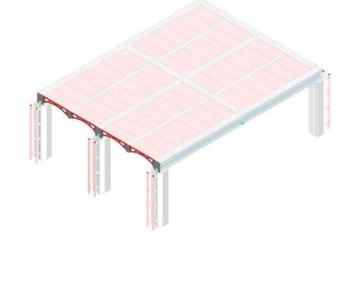
- a. Use of **slag**, **fly ash**, and other supplementary materials
- b. Incorporation of cement additives
- c. Use of 15-20% recycled aggregate

Innovative Materials

LC3 Cement - Low carbon cement alternative Hempcrete - Lightweight, insulating, carbonsequestering

Mudcrete - Earth-based, low-impact material





Assembly of modules



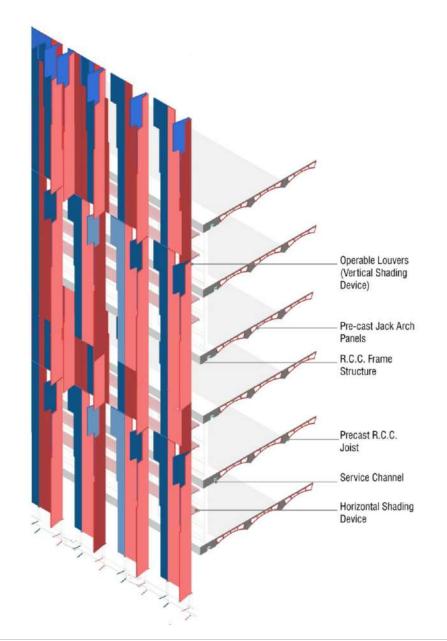




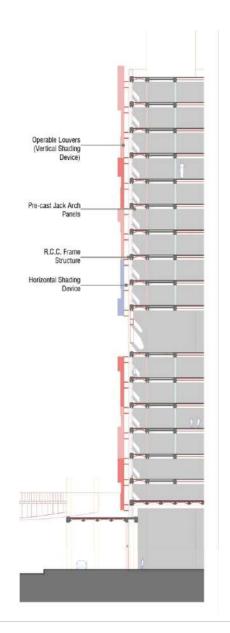
2.2.b Façade Language



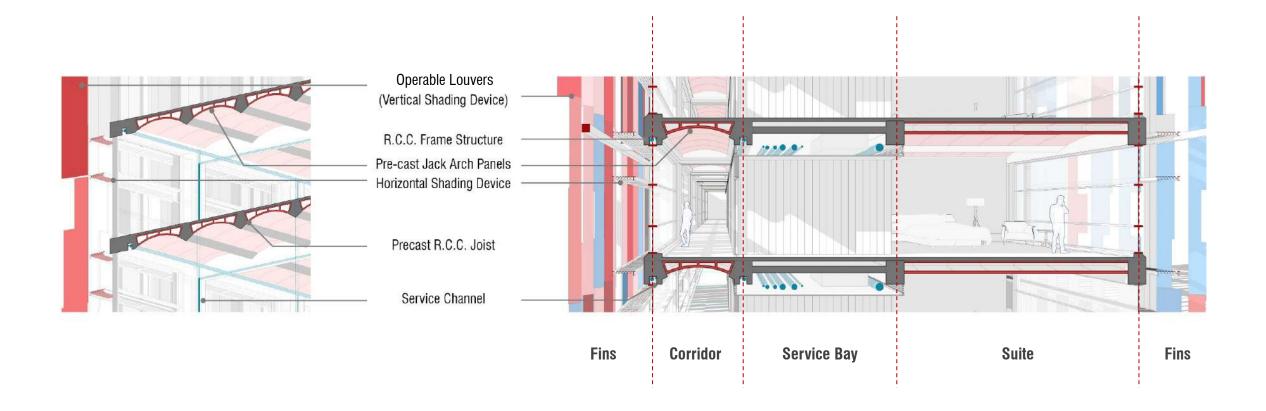
climate-responsive façade, inspired by Shivaji Maharaj's strategy of surprise camouflage, blends movement, nature and form to craft an immersive spatial Its experience. polychromatic identity draws from the unique hues of the local squirrel Shekaru.





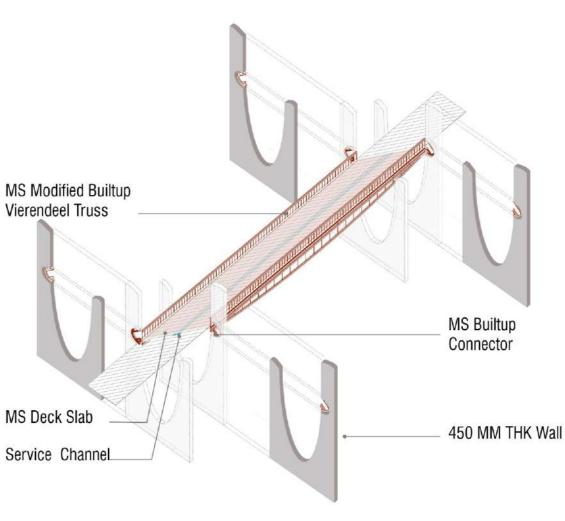


Expression of Structural System and Facade



2.2.c Spans and Bridges





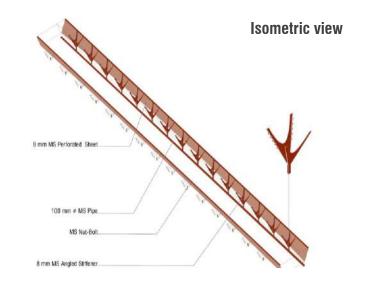
Isometric view

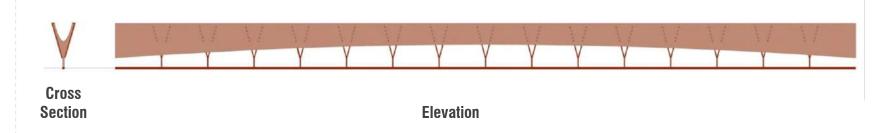
450 MM THK Wall MS Builtup Connector MS Deck Slab Plan

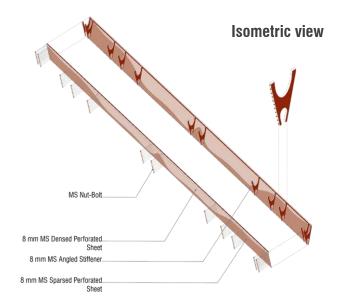
2.2.c Spans and Bridges

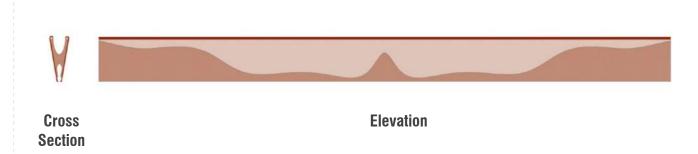
Indoor Practice Pitch

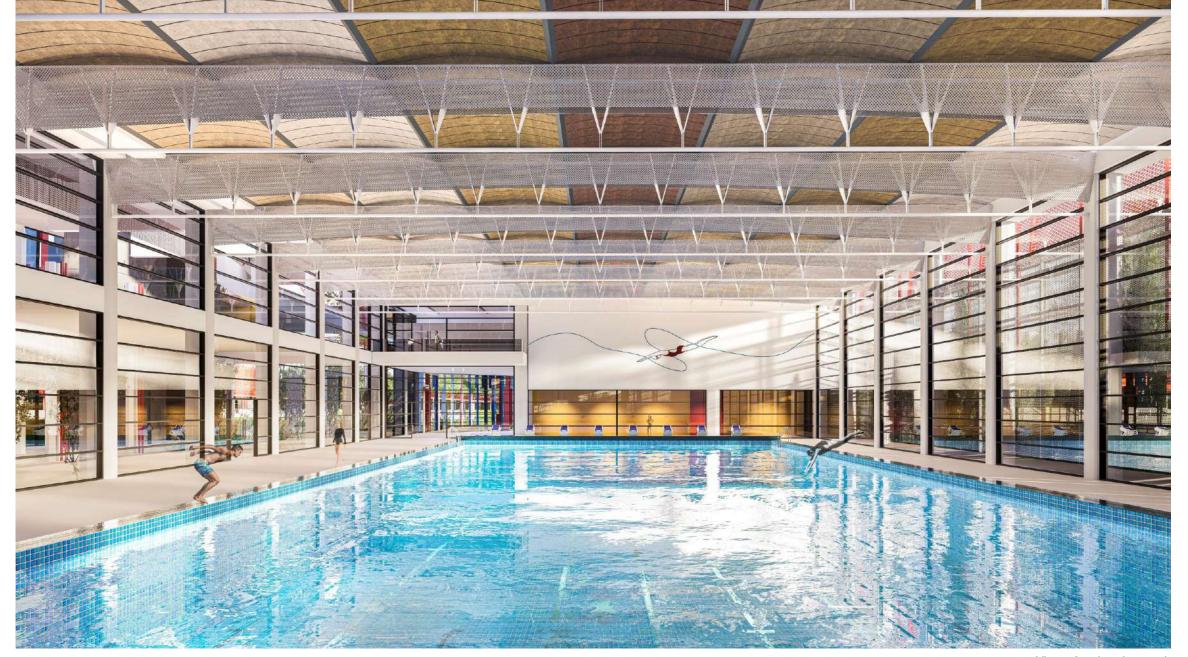
Swimming Pool











View of swimming pool

2.3.a Energy Response

Sustainability Measures

Landscaping

15%

Non-building exposed paved area.

Support local flora and fauna

Use of appropriate species

Reduced Urban Heat Island Effect

Nature based solutions for water and waste systems

Eco STP, Constructed wetlands, Underground storage tank



Health and wellbeing, improved thermal comfort & walkability



High-Performance Building Envelope

Wall: High Insulation (low U-value) wall type Window: Right sizing of window; for maximizing daylight, and reducing heat gain.

AAC Blocks

U-vale: 0.4 W/m2*K

Roof: High Insulation (low U-value) roof-type



Optimized HVAC Design and Sizing

Business-As-Usual case

100% fresh air HVAC system



Optimized Lighting Design

4.8 W/m2 In accordance with Energy Conservation Building Code



Double skin facade

Openable louvers on the facade reduce sun penetration, provide shade, enhance thermal comfort, and lower energy consumption within the built environment.



Cost covered with renewable energy.

Cost savings annually for energy with proposal.

100%

100% daylight without glare and sun-Exposure.

100%

100% fresh air system.

53%

Freshwater consumption reduced by 53%.



350 saft/ton: 250% more efficient design than the

Roof

U-vale: 1.5 W/m2*K



Window U-vale: 2.8 W/m7*K SHGC: 0.37 VLT: 0.5



Shade Operable Louver



Radiant Cooling with

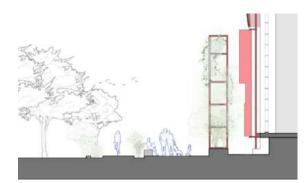


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Landscape Strategy

The edge response of the park is through an Urban Health Commons open to all and the inside as an urban sports and health park with regulated accessibility.

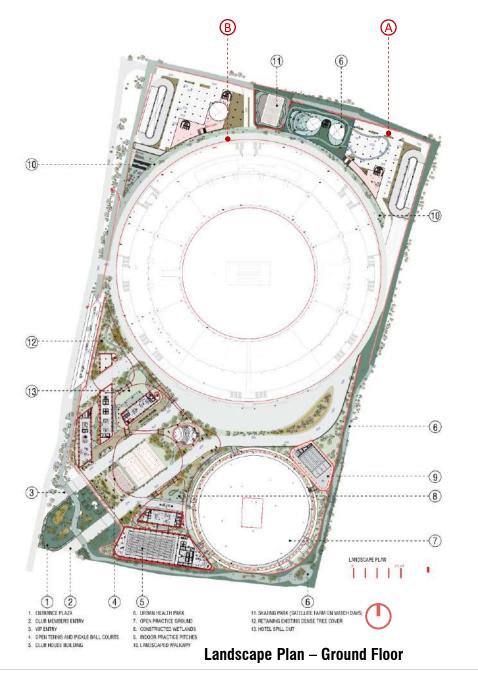
Plantation Strategy responds to high dust capturing potential in different seasons.



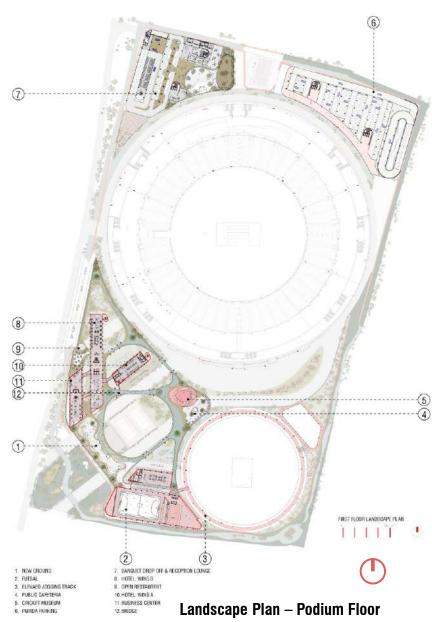
A. Section of Urban Edge



B. Section of Edge along Parking & Internal Road



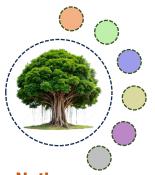
2.3.b Landscape Integration





View of landscape around constructed wetlands, 'New Ground'

Landscape Planting Palette



Native

Well adapted to local climate, support local wildlife

Air Purifying

Well adapted to local climate

Dust Capturing

Well adapted to local climate

High Oxygen Producing

Well adapted to local climate

Drought-Tolerant

Thrive with less water

Resist pests and diseases

Reduce chemical use

PR 197







HIGH OXYGEN PRODUCING SPECIES



These species are stratergically placed around the periphery of the campus and around roads to absorb dust produced by vehicular activity.





These trees are placed around the periphery, to create a pleasing boundary around the campus, with aesthetic planting of different canopies giving a lush green look









CONCEPTUAL SECTION FROM ENTRANCE

RAIN TREE AT NODES



PERIPHERY PLANTING CONCEPTUAL SECTION



MCA Urban Sports And Health Park

Landscape Material Palette & Design Intent

Heat Reduction

- Reduced paved surface, lowering surface and ambient temperature
- Vegetated surfaces reduce radiant heat and enhance thermal comfort

Water Absorption

- Majority of surface treated with **permeable materials or softscape**
- Promotes **groundwater recharge** and reduces urban flooding risk

Carbon Footprint

- Use of **natural & low-carbon materials** (stone/local aggregates/minimal concrete)
- Increased **plant biomass** improves air quality and carbon sequestration

Biodiversity & Ecological Value

- Native, drought-tolerant planting supports **pollinators**, **birds** and local ecology
- Improved **microclimate and user comfort** for walking and outdoor engagement



Grass Pavers

Combines greenery with functional load-bearing surfaces; reduces surface heat, supports infiltration



Permeable Asphalt/Porous Concrete

Used in vehicular paths; maintains functionality with water percolation; Promotes groundwater recharge



Ceramic Permeable Bricks

Applied in plazas & walkways; crafted from recycled ceramic or clay; Highly permeable, low embodied carbon, reduces surface temperature



Natural Stone Pavement

Locally sourced & textured, suitable for high-traffic pedestrian areas; Reduces thermal gain, blends with softscape



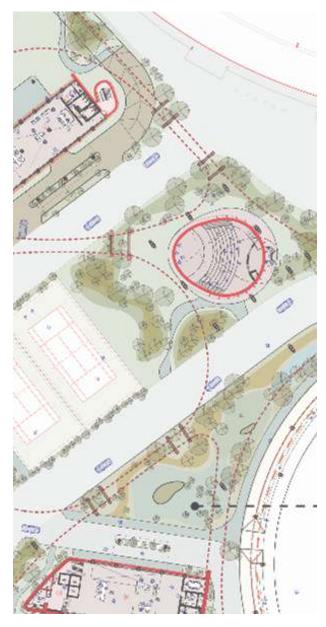
Mounds and Earth Contours

Sculpted landforms integrated with planting; Slows surface runoff, creates cooler zones

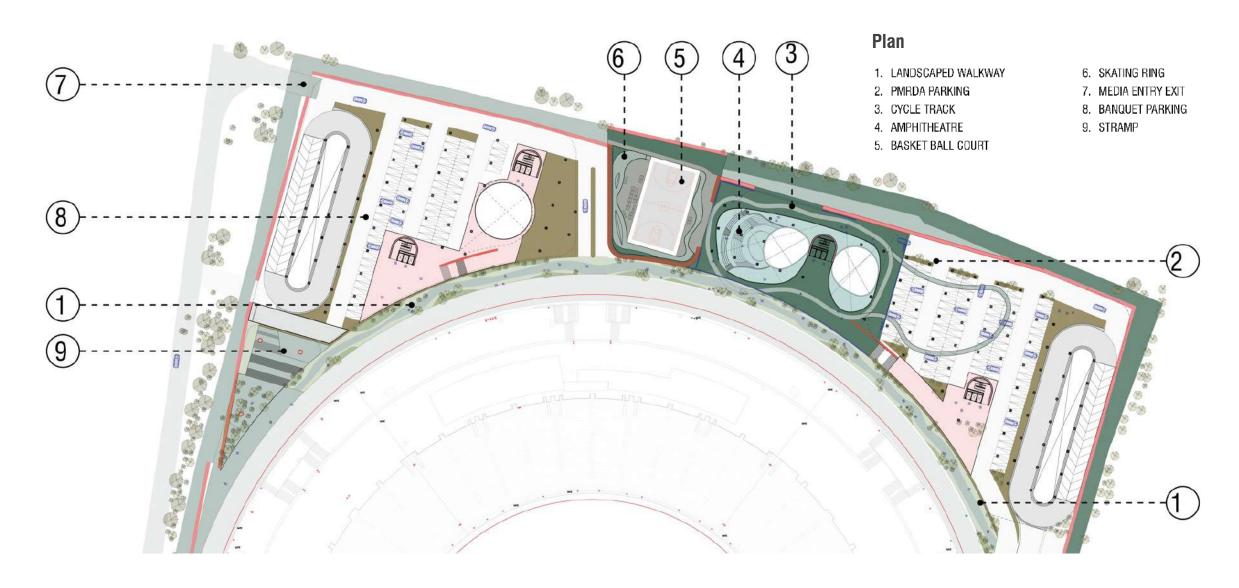


Shrub Beds and Ground-cover Plants

Layers of planting in place of hard edges; Supports biodiversity, sequesters carbon, improves air & soil quality



Urban Health Park – Basketball Court & Skating Park





View of basketball court, amphitheater and urban health park

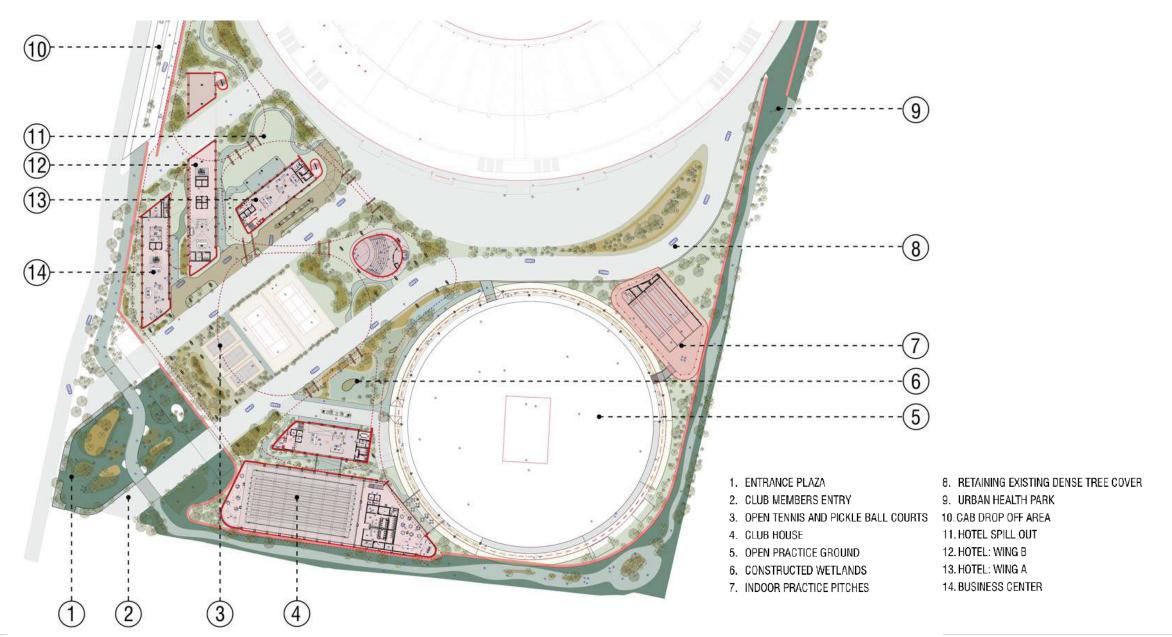


View of Amphitheatre, parking atrium and urban health park

3. BUILT TYPOLOGIES

Components of the larger whole

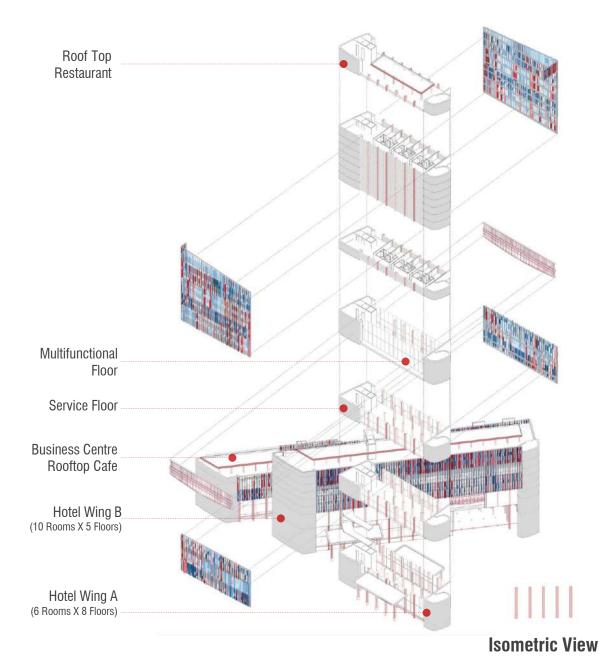
Access Level Plan

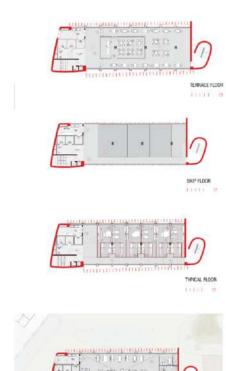


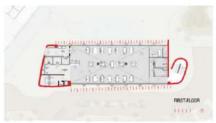


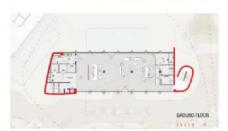
View of hotel from club house access road

3.1 Hotel + Business Centre









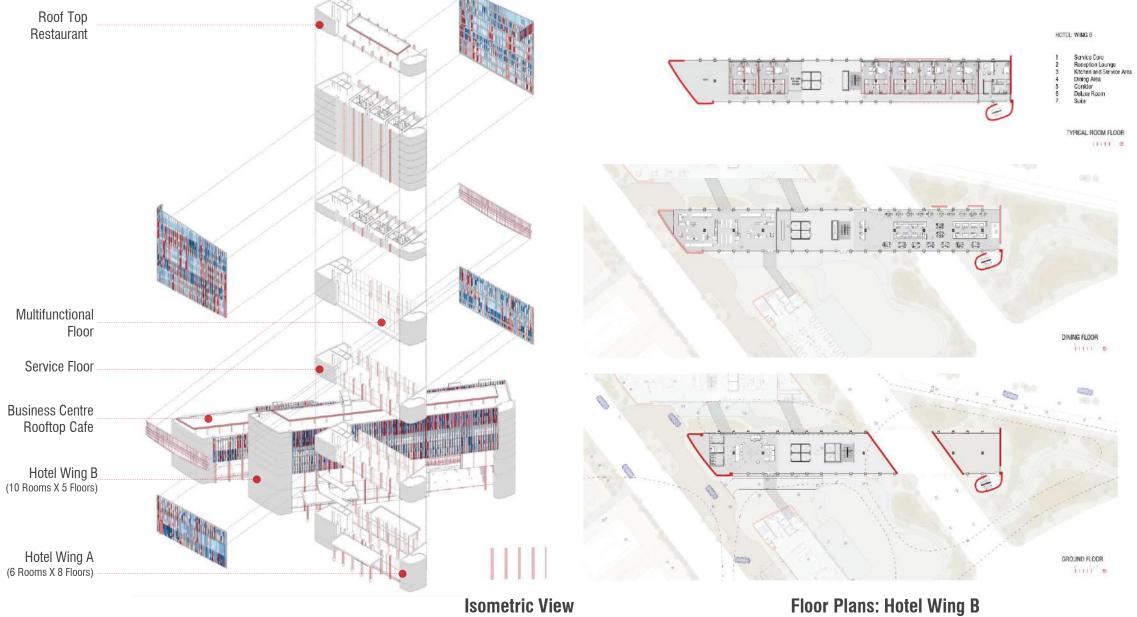
Floor Plans: Hotel Wing A

HOTEL: WING A

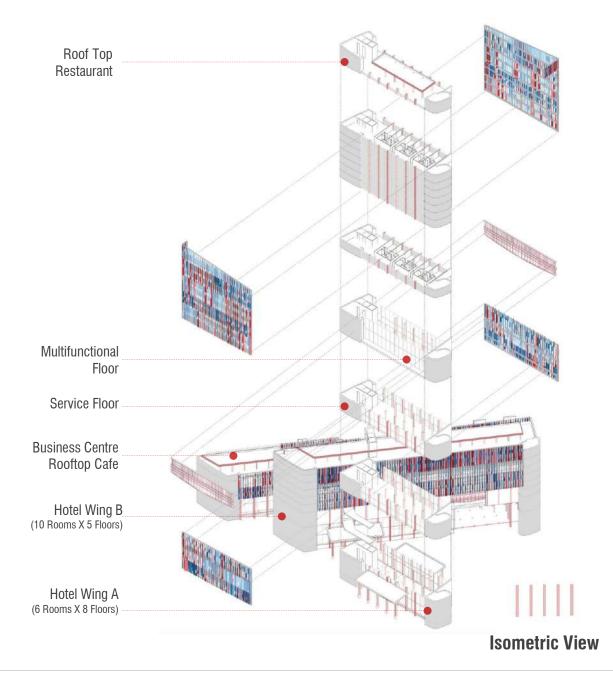
- Service Corridor Service Core
- Corridor
- Air conditioned Bar
- Outdoor Bar
- Guest Lobby Deluxe Room
- Dining Area
- Corridor
- Manager Cabin Reception Lounge
- Bar Counter

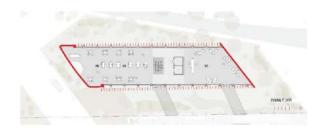
- Manager Cabin Multi-purpose Floor

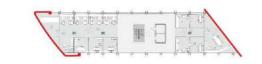
3.1 Hotel + Business Centre

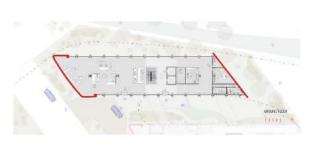


3.1 Hotel + Business Centre









Floor Plans: Business Centre

BUSINESS CENTER

NEZZAVNE F.00R

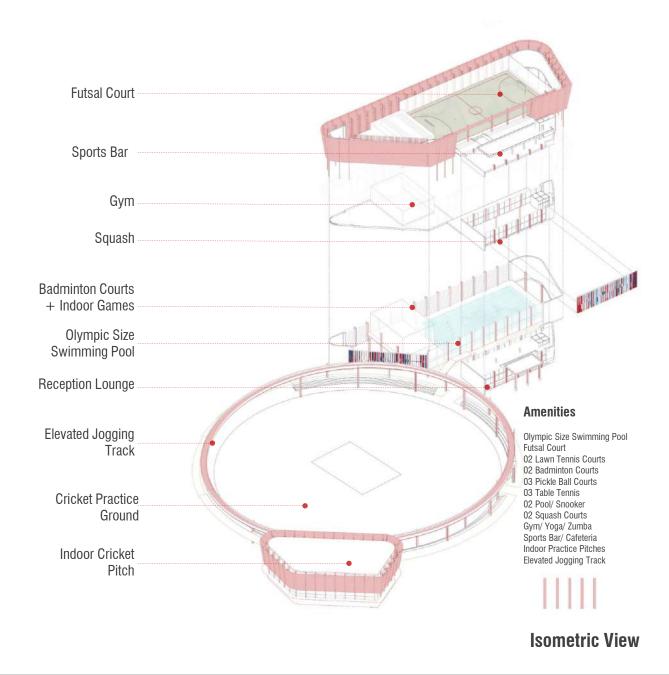
- Service Core Reception

- Bar Counter Manager Cabin Meeting Room Toilet Admin Area Officers' Cabin
- Conference Room
- Dining Area

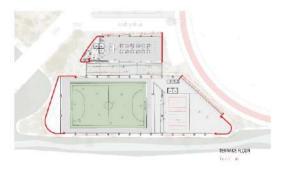




View of constructed wetland, clubhouse entrance and practice pitch on left



3.2 Club House + Sports Training Centre









CLUB HOUSE

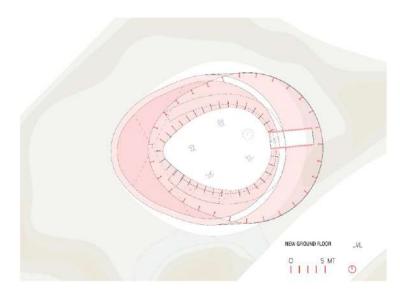
Sports Bar Service Core Futsal Court Solar Panel Terrace Lounge Service Core Indoor Sports Corridor Gym / Zumba Service Core Reception Admin Area Manager Cabin Conference Room **Badminton Court** Swimming Pool Ancillary Spaces Reception & Lounge Cafeteria Outdoor Sittings

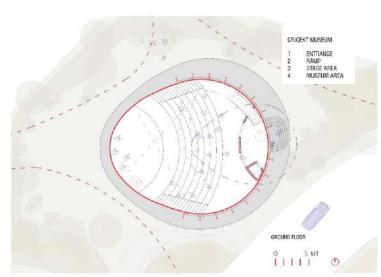
Floor Plans



View of practice pitch from indoor practice pitch

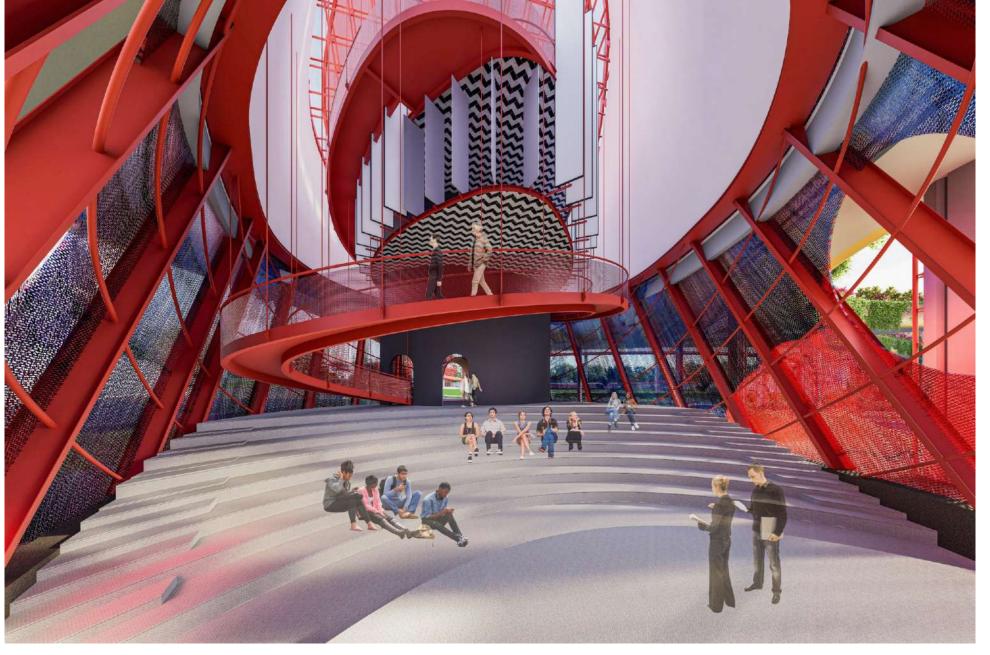
3.3 Cricket Museum







View of museum interior



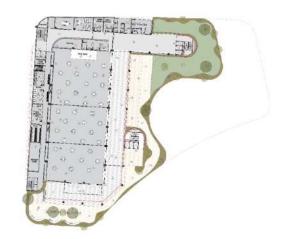
View of amphitheater on ground floor of museum



View of banquet & hotel from hill-side

Solar Park Ball Room/ Banquet Hal (1800 Capacity)I Service Floor Reception and Drop-off **Parking Zoning Basement** 600 cars 750 scooters 750 bicycles **Banquet Parking** Banquet 400 cars 500 scooters 500 bicycles Public Plaza **PMRDA** 400 cars Satellite Park 500 scooters 500 bicycles **Basement Parking** PMRDA Parking Ш Entry to Basement & Public Parking **Isometric View**

3.4 Club House Banquet + Public Parking



BANQUET

- Service Parking
 Docking Area
- Servant Parking
- Drop in Drop off Platform
- 5 Reception
- 6 Multi-purpose Area
- 7 Lawn
- 3 Outdoor Meeting Area
- 9 Lounge
- 10 Banquet Hall
- 11 Service Area
- 12 Kitchen Corridor
- 13 Toilet
- 14 Spill Out Area
- 15 Covered Corridor

BANGU



RECEPTION FLOOR

54

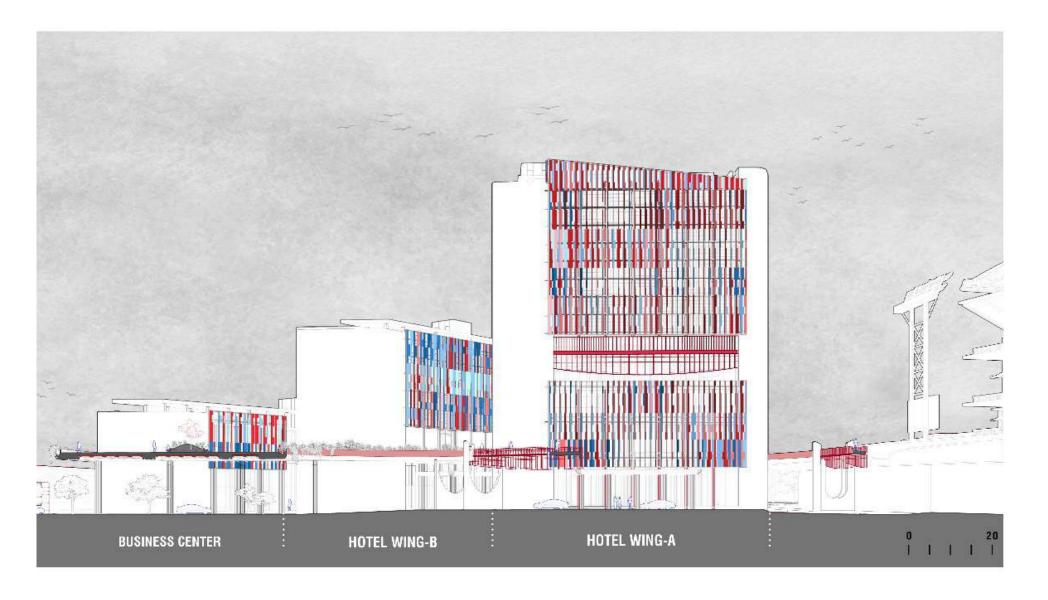


View of banquet & reception floor

4. REPRESENTATION

Drawing the vision

Perspective Section from VIP Access Road





View of practice pitch, club house, cricket museum and hotel from stadium

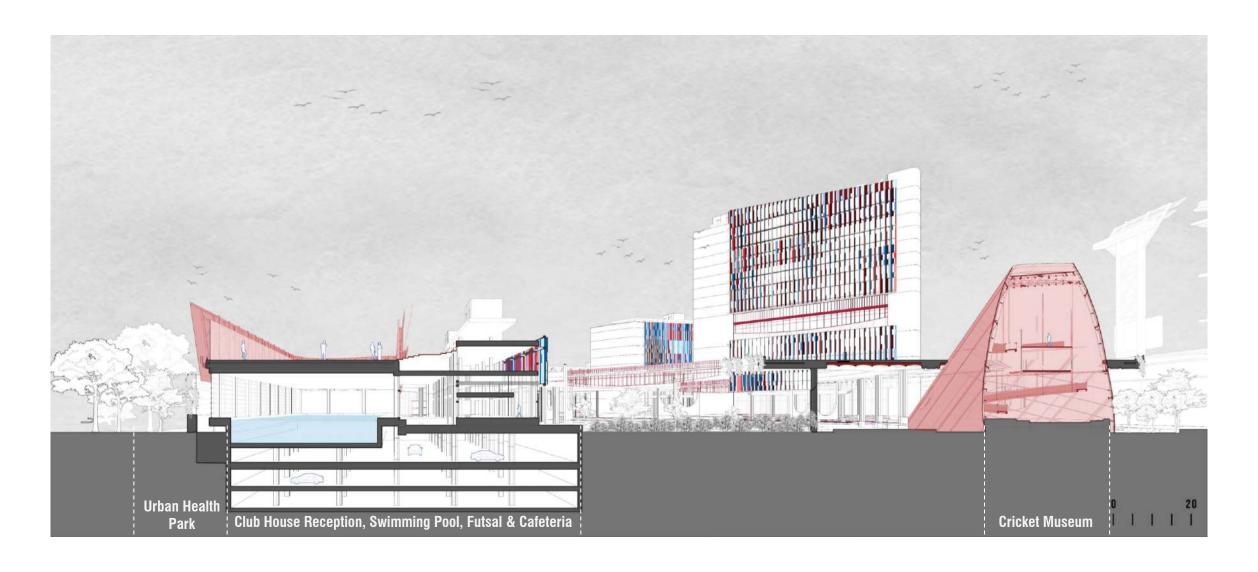
Perspective Section from Hotel Wing





View of pedestrian plaza at gate 3

Perspective Section from Club-house



Perspective Section from PMRDA Parking and Banquet

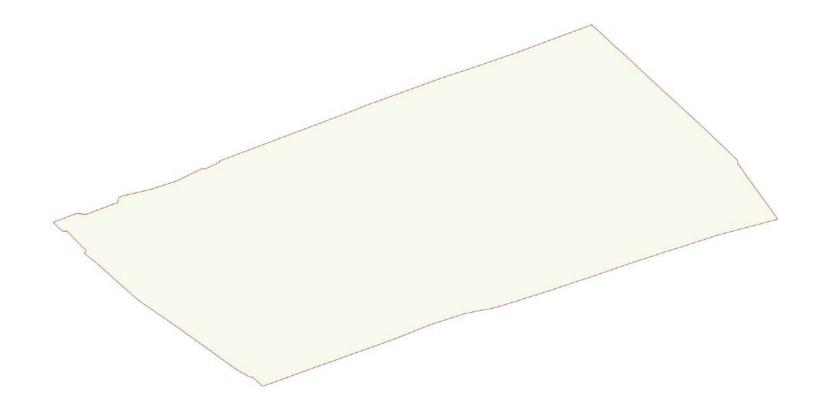




Rare side view of parking



View of pedestrian plaza at main entrance



THANK YOU